Stanford University IT

Central Management Server Setup

perfSONAR Sampler

2nd European perfSONAR User Workshop

April 14 & 15, 2021, Online Presenter: Phil Reese, preese@stanford.edu

How most of us are introduced to perfSONAR

perfS ONAR Toolkit on srn-ps.stanford.edu

Srn-ps.stanford.edu at 171.67.92.73

Organization: Stanford University UIT-Networking Address: Stanford, CA 94305 US (map) Administrator: Networking Systems (netw-perfsonar@lists.stanford.edu)

Services			View services logs
SERVICE	STATUS	VERSION	PORTS
esmond -	Running	4.3.4-1.el7	
Isregistration	Running	4.3.4-1.el7	
owamp -	Running	4.3.4-1.el7	861
pscheduler -	Running	4.3.4-1.el7	
psconfig	Running	4.3.4-1.el7	
twamp -	Running	4.3.4-1.el7	862

Test Results (15 R	esults)		Confi	gure tests 🏾 🌣
Search:			Results for	
			1 week	•
SOURCE	DESTINATION	THROUGHPUT	LATENCY (MS)	LOSS
srn-ps.stanford.edu 171.67.92.73 Graphs	ant-04-060.SUNet 171.67.206.3	⇒ n/a ∢ n/a	→ 1.15 (rtt) ← n/a	⇒ n/a ∢ n/a

What is often the next view of perfSONAR



While the image is daunting, this makes things look even more complex



Way too many dashboards and sights to take in.

How to move from the 1x1 perfSONAR to the ESnet view and multiple dashboards?

The ever popular docs.perfsonar.net web site has all the answers!

It actually does, but it is a long read to move from that that simple 'all in one' Toolkit, to a multi-dashboard MaDDash grid web site.

The perfSONAR team realized this and a few years ago Andy Lake pulled together a 2-3 page readable document for how to set up a Central Management web site and how to get the agents testing and reporting results to the Central Management system.

This is included in the main docs.perfsonar.net table of contents in one place only, the main page, a link from "MaDDash Quick Install Guide".

The link opens a Google Doc file and has a step by step process for how to get a MaDDash system going.

MaDDash Quick Install Guide v4

07/2020

All commands here are based on a default, minimal CentOS 7 installation. Other Linux variants may require modifications to these commands to work properly (yum vs apt-get, repository locations, etc). All commands require root access, so either use *sudo* before each command or use *sudo su* and save yourself some typing. Commands as entered will be in *italic print*.

What to expect from this presentation

The first paste of commands into the terminal window is a quick run through of all the commands discussed at a github project site:

https://github.com/preese/perfSONAR-Sampler

The Github project shows an implementation of Andy's document using a set of VMs and some tools to quickly bring all the pieces together.

If all goes well, the pasted commands will build 6 edge nodes and one MaDDash server, it will show a mesh dashboard and a disjoint dashboard. All of this will take place on a single NUC and should complete in ~15 minutes.

We'll talk about the JSON files and other features of the project while it installs in the background.

Hardware and IP chart used



Chart for perfSONAR-Sampler

Second host interface name: enp0s20f0u2

Address segment for the IPs in use: 192.168.1.0/24

Name	IP#	Mac Addr
ps1	192.168.1.210	52:54:00:73:6f:41
ps2	192.168.1.211	52:54:00:73:6f:42
ps3	192.168.1.212	52:54:00:73:6f:43
md	192.168.1.213	52:54:00:73:6f:44
dj1	192.168.1.214	52:54:00:73:6f:45
dj2	192.168.1.215	52:54:00:73:6f:46
dj3	192.168.1.216	52:54:00:73:6f:47

When you make changes to the above chart, plan to make similar edits to:

top section of Vagrantfile

top sections of both mesh.json and disjoint.json

the hosts file

Then the IP for that MaDDash server is used in several files.

Testpoint-MaDDashbuild.yml 2 instances of 192.168.1.213 and one use of the address segment

Maddash-dj.yml 2 instances of 192.168.1.213

More on the IP chart used



resuptinte machasing in a stances of 192.106.1.2.13 and the use of the address

Maddash-dj.yml 2 instances of 192.168.1.213

Review of the JSON files

~/Docum	nents/PS-Talk/mesh.json (no function selected) ≎ 🕒	\$ ~/Doc	uments/PS-Talk/disjoint.json	(no function selected) 🗘 📋
1 - {		1	1 -	{	
2 -	"_meta": {	1	2 🔻	"_meta": {	
3	"display-name": "1 PSproj"		3	"display-name": "2 DJ"	
4 =	},	1	4 ⊾	},	
5			5		
6 🔻	"archives": {		6 🔻	"archives": {	
7 🔻	"Home_esmond_archive": {		7 🔻	"Home_esmond_archive": {	
8	"archiver": "esmond",		8	"archiver": "esmond",	
9 -	"data": {		9 🕶	"data": {	
10	<pre>"measurement-agent": "{% scheduled_by_address %}"</pre>	C	10	"measurement-agent": "{% schedu	<pre>led_by_address %}",</pre>
11	"url": "http://192.168.1.213/esmond/perfsonar/arc	nive/"	11	"url": "http://192.168.1.213/es	mond/perfsonar/archive/"
12 =	}		12 -	}	
13 =	}		13 =	}	
14 =	},		14 =	},	
15			15		
16 -	"addresses": {		16 🔻	"addresses": {	
17	"ps1": { "address": "192.168.1.210" },		17	"ps1": { "address": "192.168.1.210" },	
18	"ps2": { "address": "192.168.1.211" },		18	"ps2": { "address": "192.168.1.211" },	
19	"ps3": { "address": "192.168.1.212" }		19	"ps3": { "address": "192.168.1.212" },	
20 -	},		20	"dj1": { "address": "192.168.1.214" },	
21			21	"dj2": { "address": "192.168.1.215" },	
22 🔻	"groups": {		22	"dj3": { "address": "192.168.1.216" }	
23 🔻	"Home_group_mesh": {		23		
24	"type": "mesh",		24 ⊨	},	
25 🔻	"addresses": [25		
26	{ "name": "ps1" },		26 💌	"groups": {	
27	{ "name": "ps2" },		27 🔻	<pre>"Home_group_disjoint": {</pre>	
28	{ "name": "ps3" }		28	"type": "disjoint",	
29 -]		29 🔻	"a-addresses": [
30 -	}		30	{ "name": "dj1" },	
31 -	},		31	{ "name": "ps1" }	
32 🕶	"tests": {		32 🛏	1,	
33 🔻	<pre>"test_throughput": {</pre>		33 🔻	"b-addresses": [
34	"type": "throughput",		34	{ "name": "ps2" },	
35 🔻	"spec": {		35	{ "name": "ps3" },	
36	<pre>"source": "{% address[0] %}",</pre>		36	{ "name": "dj2" },	
37	"dest": "{% address[1] %}",		37	{ "name": "dj3" }	
38	"duration": "PT20S"		38 ⊨	1	
39 ⊨	}		39 ⊾	}	
40 =	},		40 =	},	
41 💌	"test_rtt": {		41		
42	"type": "rtt",		42 💌	"tests": {	
43 🔻	"spec": {		43 🕶	"test_throughput": {	
44	<pre>"source": "{% address[0] %}",</pre>		44	"type": "throughput",	
45	"dest": "{% address[1] %}",		45 🔻	"spec": {	
46	"count": 10,		46	"source": "{% address[0] %}",	
47	"interval": "PT1S",		47	"dest": "{% address[1] %}",	
48	"length": 1000		48	"duration": "PT20S"	
49 🛏	}		49 -	}	
50 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		50 -	},	
51 🔻	<pre>"test_latencybg": {</pre>		51 🔻	"test_rtt": {	
52	"type": "latencybg",		52	"type": "rtt",	
53 🔻	"spec": {	-	53 🔻	"spec": {	
54	"source": "{% address[0] %}",		54	"source": "{% address[0] %}",	
55	"dest": "{% address[1] %}",	-	55	"dest": "{% address[1] %}",	
56	"flip": "{% flip %}"		56	"count": 10,	
57 ⊾	}		57	"interval": "PT1S",	
58 -	},		58	"length": 1000	
59 🔻	"test_trace": {		59 ⊾	}	
60	"type": "trace",	_	60 -	},	
61 -	"spec": {		61 🕶	"test_latencybg": {	
62	<pre>"source": "{% address[0] %}",</pre>		62	"type": "latencybg",	
63	"dest": "{% address[1] %}"		63 🔻	"spec": {	
64 =	}		64	"source": "{% address[0] %}",	
65 -	}	-	- 65	"dest": "{% address[1] %}",	
66 ⊾	},		66	"flip": "{% flip %}"	
67 -	"schedules": {		67 ⊾	}	
68 🔻	"Home_schedule_PT2H": {		68 🛏	},	
122	"repeat": "PT2H"	-	69 🕶	"test_trace": {	
69	repear i i i i i i i				

Review of some project files, Vagrantfile

```
# -*- mode: ruby -*-
# vi: set ft=ruby :
nodes = [
 {:hostname => 'ps1', :ip => "192.168.1.210", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:41", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" },
 {:hostname => 'ps2', :ip => "192.168.1.211", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:42", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" },
 {:hostname => 'ps3', :ip => "192.168.1.212", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:43", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" },
 {:hostname => 'md', :ip => "192.168.1.213", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:44", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" },
 {:hostname => 'dj1', :ip => "192.168.1.214", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:45", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" },
 {:hostname => 'dj2', :ip => "192.168.1.215", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:46", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" },
 {:hostname => 'dj3', :jp => "192.168.1.216", :mac => "52:54:00:83:6f:47", :dev => "enp0s20f0u2" }
Vagrant.configure("2") do |config|
  nodes.each do [node]
    config.vm.define node[:hostname] do [config]
     config.vm.box = "centos/7"
      config.vm.network :public_network, :dev => node[:dev], :mode => "bridge", :mac => node[:mac], :ip => node[:ip]
   config.vm.provision "file", source: "/home/vagrant/.ssh/id_ed25519.pub", destination: "/home/vagrant/.ssh/authorized_keys"
    config.vm.hostname = node[:hostname]
      config.vm.provider :libvirt do [domain]
          domain.memory = 2048
          domain.cpus = 1
          domain.storage_pool_name = "default"
         end
       end
    end
end
```

Review of some project files, Ansible

```
- hosts: all
 become: yes
 tasks:
   - name: Install EPEL&PS repo to all VMs
     vum:
       name:
         - epel-release
        - http://software.internet2.edu/rpms/el7/x86_64/latest/packages/perfSONAR-repo-6
       state: present
- hosts: ps,dj
 gather_facts: False
  become: yes
 tasks:
   - name: For ps & dj VMs, add perfsonar rpms to all testpoint edge nodes
     yum:
       name:
         - perfsonar-testpoint
       state: present
   - name: For ps & dj VMs, install remote URL and archives, even before the .json is pub
     command: 'psconfig remote add --configure-archives "http://192.168.1.213/psconfig/m
   - name: For ps & dj VMs, restart psconfig-pscheduler-agent
     service:
       name: psconfig-pscheduler-agent
       state: restarted
- hosts: md
  gather_facts: False
 become: yes
 tasks:
   - name: For md VM and remaining lines, add perfsonar-centralmanagment rpm to MaDDash S
     yum:
       name:
         - perfsonar-centralmanagement
       state: present
   - name: Start FW service if not running
     service:
       name: firewalld
       state: started
   - name: Enable FW service
     service:
       name: firewalld
       enabled: yes
   - name: Add http to firewall
     firewalld:
       service: http
       permanent: yes
       immediate: yes
       state: enabled
   - name: Add https to firewall
     firewalld:
       service: https
       permanent: yes
       immediate: yes
       state: enabled
```

What we'll end up with

	Example Maddash setup, with disjoint option
Example Maddash setup, w	
	1 PSproj Dashboard
	1 PSproi - All to All-1 - Loss
1 PSproj	Loss rate is $z=0.001\%$ Loss rate is $> 0.001\%$ Loss rate is $>= 0.1\%$ Loss rate is $z=0.1\%$
All Grides - All to All-1 - Loss	
	st st st
Loss rate is <= 0.001%	
-	
	1 PSproj - All to All-2 - Ping Loss
	Loss rate is <= 0.001% Loss rate is > 0.001% Loss rate is >= 0.1% Unable to find test data Check has not run yet
Example Maddash setup, with disjoint option	No problems found in grid
	ps1
2 DJ Dashboard	ps1
2 DJ - Disjoint-1 - Loss	
Cost and is 40000 in the first 4000 in the	
2	1 PSproj - All to All-3 - Throughput
	Throughout >= 1Gbos Throughout < 1Gbos Throughout <= .5Gbos Unable to find test data Check has not run vet
2 DJ - Disjoint-2 - Ping Loss	
Loss rate is << 0.001% Loss rate is > 0.001% Loss rate is >= 0.1% Unable to find test data Check has not run yet	Eound a total of 1 problem involving 1 host in the grid
Sec & g g g	551 052
	ps1
2 DJ - Disjoint-3 - Throughput	ps2
Throughput >= 198ps - Throughput < 198ps - Throughput <= .598ps - Unable to find test data Check has not run yet	ps3 🔤
O No problems found in grid	1 PSproj - All to All-4 - Path Count
	Paths = 1 packets Paths > 1 Paths > 2 Unable to find test data Check has not run vet
2 DJ - Disjoint-4 - Path Count	
Paths = 1 packets Paths > 1 Paths > 2 Unable to find test data Check has not run yet	Vo problems tound in grid
No problems found in grid	p 5 2 7 5 2 9 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
d1 合 任 英 英 英	ps1
61.	ps2

The unexpected...

■ Dashboards		© Settings
1 PSproj - All to	All-3 - Thro	oughput
Throughput >= 1Gb	ps 🦰 Through	put < 1Gbps
🤡 No problems four	nd in grid	
id id id		

