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## Anomaly detection in Data Center infrastructure

# Data center monitoring

Basic approach:

- Controlling the current state and comparing it with the previous
- Look only of basic server metrics: **CPU, RAM, disk and network information**

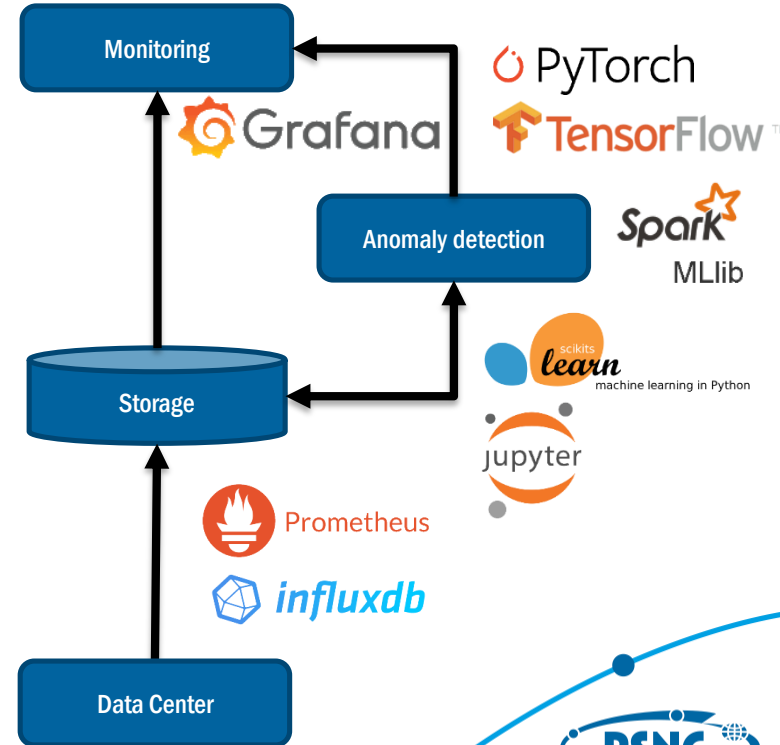
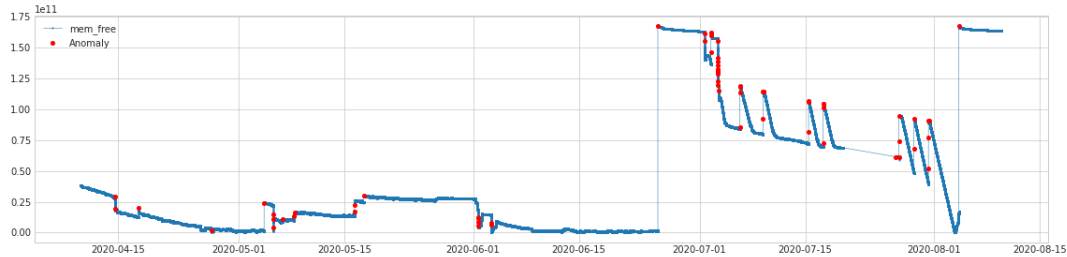
Problems:

- The health of the system depends on all the components
- Variety** of metrics
- Heterogeneity** of monitored devices
- Rapidly changing metrics**
- Changing characteristics of the server operation
- The need to **react quickly** to problems
- Experience**



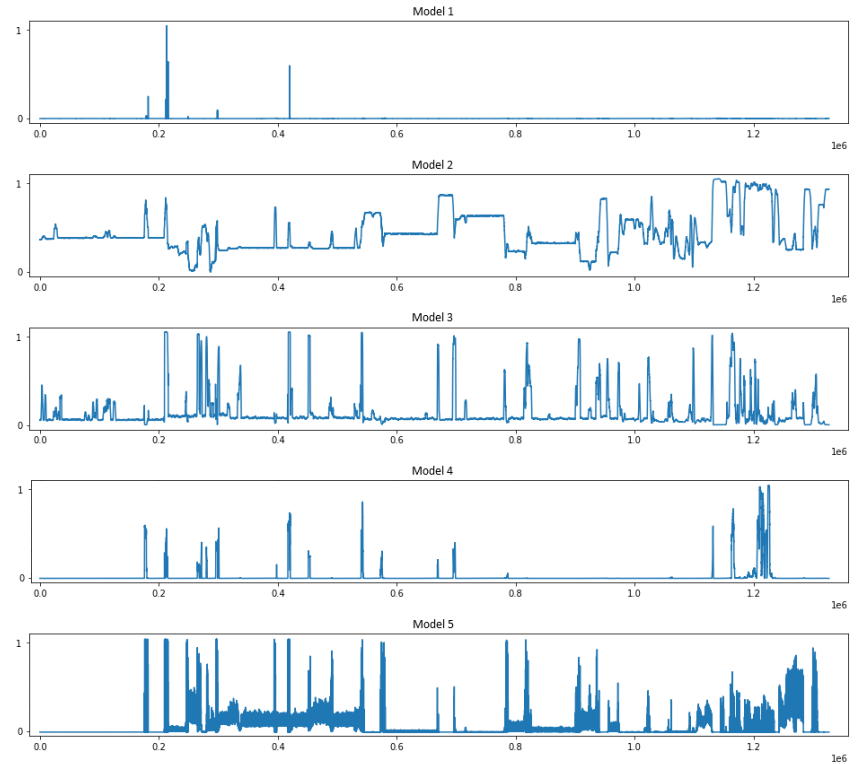
# Anomaly detection

1. Data collected from each server
2. Data aggregation from multiple devices
3. Online anomaly detection using multiple independent machine learning, deep learning and statistical methods
4. Automatic alerts when anomalies are detected
5. Displaying the current and historical data along with detected anomalies



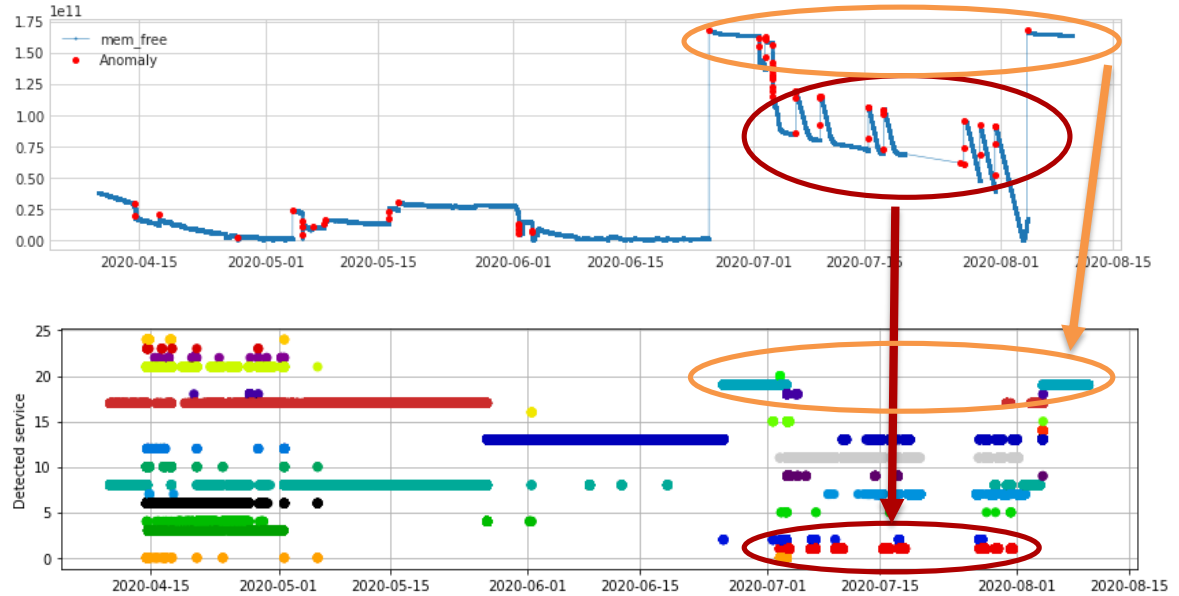
# Anomaly detection with machine learning

- Discovering the usual characteristics of devices
- Profiling the behavior of each server separately to discover the individual behavior of each server
- Modeled the state of the entire system and comparing it with historical data
- Use of various anomaly detection techniques:
  - **Predictive models** - an anomaly if the data does not agree with the prediction
  - **Statistical models** - an anomaly if the dynamics of changes is inconsistent with the previous one
  - **State models** - an anomaly if the data corresponds to the state in which server should not currently appear
  - **Threshold** based methods - an anomaly if any metric exceeds the threshold



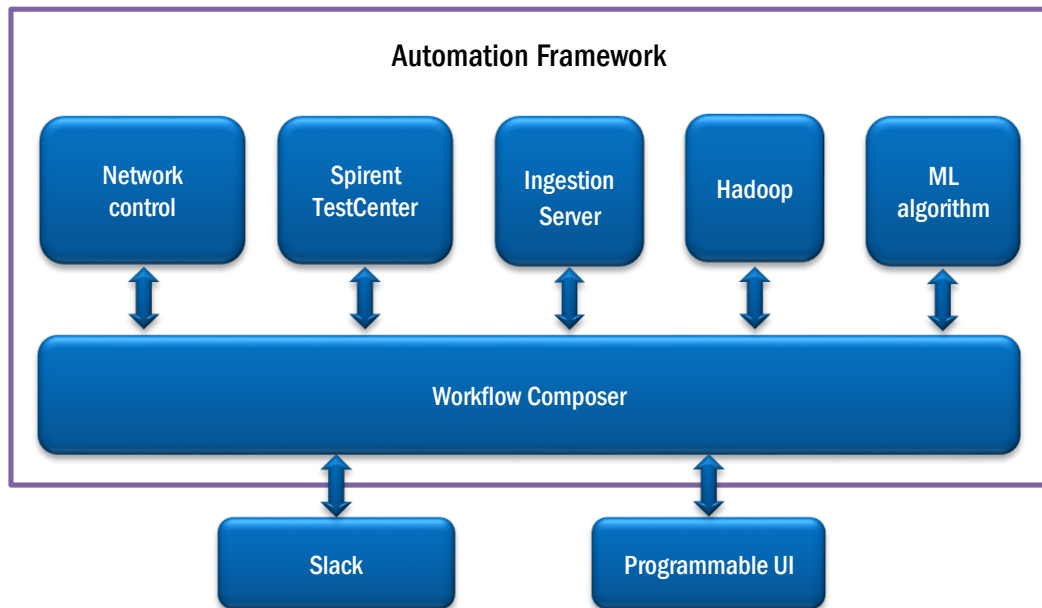
# Anomaly detection with machine learning

- Profiling the server behavior
- Detection of running services on the server by analyzing the similarity of behavior



# Platform for the network ML

- Real traffic from the POZMAN network
- Ability to inject an artificial attack generated by Spirent TestCenter
- Jupyter Notebooks for researchers to develop ML prototypes
- A Slack account integrated with Automation Tools
- Usage example: DDoS attack detection



```
Krzysztof Martyn 2:30 PM
lingest

st2-bot-wiku 2:30 PM
Want me to take that off your hand? You got it! Don't forget your execution ID: 5b1e6b902ebd508c48648c4

@Krzysztof Martyn:
Action ingestion.set_traffic completed.
status : succeeded
web_url: 5b1e6bd02ebd508c48648c4
Took 3s to complete.

2:30 @Krzysztof Martyn:
Action ingestion.set_attack completed.
status : succeeded
web_url: 5b1e6b7002ebd508c48648d3
Took 4s to complete.

@Krzysztof Martyn:
Action ingestion.flow_sensor completed.
status : succeeded
web_url: 5b1e6b7902ebd508c48648df
Took 11s to complete.

@Krzysztof Martyn:
Action ingestion.copy2hdfs completed.
status : succeeded
web_url: 5b1e6b8902ebd508c48648e9
Took 10s to complete.
Copied files:
-rw-r--r-- 3 mlearn hadoop 65786822 2018-06-11 14:31 /data/ingestions/2018-06-11-14-30_csv/table-Mon-Jun-11-14-30-55-2018.csv
-rw-r--r-- 3 mlearn hadoop 4853 2018-06-11 14:31 /data/ingestions/2018-06-11-14-30_csv/traffic_description

@Krzysztof Martyn:
Action ingestion.traff_class completed.
status : succeeded
web_url: 5b1e6b9302ebd508c48648ef
Took 20s to complete.

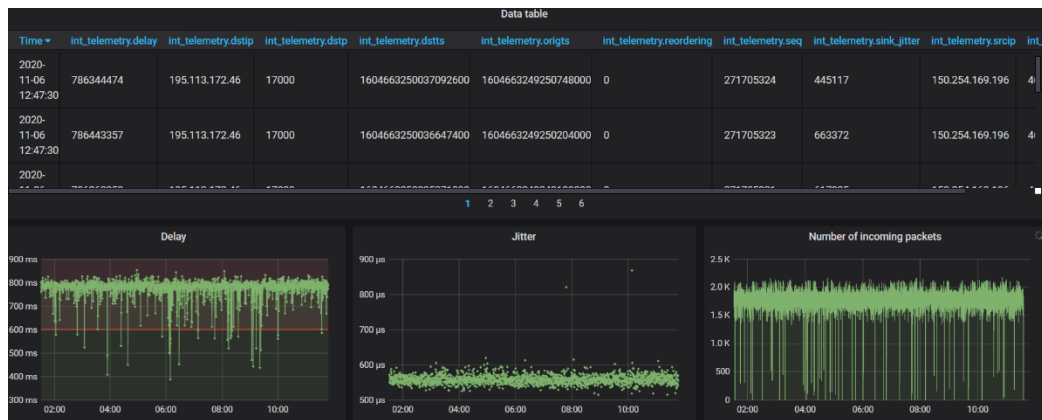
Machine Learning module backend generated from Jupyter Notebook:
https://hs-01.lpa.psnr.pl/user/bart/notebooks/PCA_alg.ipynb
Classifying 175652 traffic flows from /data/ingestions/2018-06-11-14-30_csv/table-Mon-Jun-11-14-30-55-2018.csv
Attack flows ratio: 96%

Show more

@Krzysztof Martyn:
Ingestion done
```

# Future

- Integration with **NMaaS**
- Analyze **In-band Network Telemetry**





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