A guide to eduroam Managed IdP for IdP administrators

- 1 Terms of use
- 2 Purpose and scope
  - 2.1 Device Support
    - 2.1.1 Support Policy for operating systems versions
  - 2.2 Scope
- 3 Enrolling my institution for eduroam Managed IdP
  - 3.1 Step 1: Requesting an entry for your IdP
  - 3.2 Step 2: Logging into eduroam Managed IdP
- 4 Configuring my IdP's properties
  - 4.1 Overview
  - 4.2 Institution-wide Settings
- 5 Managing my users
  - 5.1 Adding Users
  - 5.2 Issuing access credentials
  - 5.3 Credential revocation and Deadman Switch
- 6 End-User Enrollment
- 7 Installer visibility on the user download page
  - 7.1 End User Personal Overview Page
  - 7.2 Front Page
- 8 Other features
  - 8.1 NRO Administrator API
- 9 Getting Help with eduroam Managed IdP
- 10 Inputs from External Testing

Terms of use

eduroam IdP administrators are bound by the requirements as set forth in the eduroam Service Definition. The specific service eduroam Managed IdP needs some additional terms on top of that baseline.

These terms and conditions are displayed and need to be acknowledged by eduroam Managed IdP administrator before they can start using the system (pop-up with sign-off requirement):

As an eduroam IdP administrator using this system, you are authorized to create user accounts according to your local institution policy. You are fully responsible for the accounts you issue. In particular, you:

- only issue accounts to members of your institution, as defined by your local policy;
- must make sure that all credentials that you issue can be linked by you to actual human end users of eduroam;
- have to immediately revoke credentials of users when they leave or otherwise stop being a member of your institution;
- will act upon notifications about possible network abuse by your end users and will appropriately sanction them.

Failure to comply with these requirements may lead to the deletion of your IdP (and all the users you create inside) in this system.

With this product, eduroam Operations is not interested in and strives not to collect any personally identifiable information about the end users you create. To that end:

- the usernames you create in the system are not expected to be human-readable identifiers of actual humans. We encourage you to create usernames like ‘hr-user-12’ rather than ‘Jane Doe, Human Resources Department’. You are the only one who needs to be able to make a link to the human behind the identifiers you create;
- the identifiers in the eduroam access credentials are not linked to the usernames you add to the system; they are pseudonyms;
- each access credential carries a different pseudonym, even if it pertains to the same username.

eduroam end users are being presented a lightweight terms of use by the time they visit the download page for eduroam installers. Downloading the installer in question is deemed acceptance of those terms:

You can now download a personalised eduroam® installation program. The installation program is strictly personal, to be used only on this device (device identifier, such as "Linux"), and it is not permitted to share this information with anyone.

When the system detects abuse such as sharing login data with others, all access rights for you will be revoked and you may be sanctioned by your local eduroam® administrator.

Purpose and scope

eduroam Managed IdP's purpose is to support you, an eduroam Identity Provider administrator, by allowing you to manage your eduroam end user base through a simple web interface, without a need for local technical infrastructure such as RADIUS servers or an identity management system. The system includes

- a web-based user management interface where user accounts and access credentials can be created and revoked (there is a limit to the number of active users)
eduroam Managed IdP takes your input regarding who your users are, and produces vouchers ("invitation tokens") which you can hand out to those users. They can then redeem those invitation tokens for a customised, personal eduroam installer for their computer or device. The customisation includes your IdP's name, location and logo, contact details for your helpdesk, and a user access credential in the form of a "client certificate" - don't worry if you do not know what that is. The installers can be produced in many languages; that way, you can even offer your users an installer in their native language!

Surprisingly many users do not have a clue which operating system they are using. eduroam Managed IdP thus auto-detects the operating system and automatically produces the matching installer.

Below is what your users will see when redeeming an invitation token:

---

**Device Support**

eduroam Managed IdP supports a broad selection of common end-user client devices. Unfortunately, if your users use a non-supported operating system, we are unable to provide the service to them. Please do let the authors know if a particular unsupported operating system is popular and we will investigate if it is possible to support it. Please contact us via the mailing list cat-users@lists.geant.org.

Notably, Android versions below 4.3 are not supported and likely never will be, sorry.

**Support Policy for operating systems versions**

eduroam CAT generally tries to follow vendors' end of life dates:


**Scope**

eduroam Managed IdP is not replacing your helpdesk! While we hope to do you a good service by taking the technical task of user account management and network admission checks into our hands, we can not take your users' phone calls or tell them how to fix problems on their computers. eduroam Managed IdP installers work on the supported platforms if these have not been modified beyond reason by the end-user, and we hope the installation process with them is intuitive enough; but we can not give you guarantees that you will not ever hear from failing users again.
Enrolling my institution for eduroam Managed IdP

Step 1: Requesting an entry for your IdP

eduroam Managed IdP follows the usual organisational model of eduroam: your eduroam National Roaming Operator (NRO) administrator has control over all the Identity Providers in his country or region. To manage your institution with eduroam Managed IdP, please let your NRO administrator know that you want to participate using your usual communications channels.

If the NRO administrator finds you eligible for the service, they will send you an invitation email with a token (the token is valid for 24 hours after sending it to you). You can then follow the supplied link with the token, log into the eduroam Managed IdP administration interface, and start managing your institution - see the next section for details of institution setup.

Step 2: Logging into eduroam Managed IdP

When clicking on the menu item "Manage eduroam admin access", you will be automatically sent to the eduroam Support Services’ federated login service. This login service does not work with site-specific usernames and passwords; instead you are presented with a list of sources of identity. Choose any organization that you have an account with:

* eduGAIN: many universities across Europe have already joined the educational Global Authorisation INfrastructure - if your organisation is among them, click on that institution and authenticate with your home organisation’s usual web login credentials
* Experimental: some institutions are in the process of joining eduGAIN, but are not production-level members; if that is the case for your institution, you might find your institution’s authentication service in this Experimental list
* Social Networks: if you cannot log in with your institution’s credentials (for example, because your institution is not participating in eduGAIN), you can also log in using the federated login function of several popular social networks, including, but not limited to, Google and Facebook.

Some users have noted that none of the above options suits them: e.g. their institution is not participating in eduGAIN, and they have an aversion against using social networks. We understand that if a user finds all the numerous authentication options unacceptable, then he will have a hard time logging in. However, at this moment we do not have a good solution to that problem. It might be worth considering creating a social network account just for the purpose of logging in here; even if the service portfolio offered by e.g. Google is not interesting for the user, their authentication service in itself is useful on its own.

Configuring my IdP's properties

Overview

There are basically two groups of information which we need to ask of you before we can provide you with your eduroam Managed IdP profile:

* general information about your institution (e.g. logo, approximate location, name)

General Institution Properties

| Country: | Luxembourg |
| Institution Name default/other languages: | Showcase for CAT Documentation |
| Institution Name Deutsch: | Demonstration für CAT Dokumentation |
| Logo image: | GÉANT |

* helpdesk contact details (mail, phone, web)

Global Helpdesk Details

| Support: E-Mail default/other languages: | helpdesk@restena.lu |
| Terms of Use default/other languages: | File exists (text/plain, 2.31 Kib) |
| Support: Web default/other languages: | Preview |
| Support: Web: Français | http://www.restena.lu/fr/eduroam |
To the largest extent possible, all the information is optional. If you choose not to let us know all the details we will still create installers, but they just won’t contain as much information as they could. Please consider giving us as much information as possible. **At the very least, an email contact point for your end users is required so that they can reach out to you in case of questions.**

There are two governing principles regarding input and storage of information in the administrator user interface:

1. Textual information can be provided in many languages; one language representation should be set as the default language though - to have a string to present to users who want to use a language which wasn’t explicitly configured.

### Institution-wide Settings

After you’ve followed the invitation token from your national administrator, you’ll be dropped right in the “Edit IdP” page. On that first time, you’ll see a “wizard mode” which provides lots of explanatory text about the meaning of all the settings you can make. You can add and delete any of those options; don’t be shy and try them all out! Adding a new option is done by pushing the corresponding button, selecting which option you want to set, and then the content of that new option. Changes will only be saved when you hit the ”Continue ...” button on the bottom of the page.

#### General Information

This is the place where you can describe your Identity Provider in a fine-grained way. The solicited information is used as follows:

- **Logo:** When you submit a logo, we will embed this logo into all installers where a custom logo is possible. We accept any image format, but for best results, we suggest SVG. If you don’t upload a logo, we will use the generic logo instead (see top-right corner of this page).
- **Terms of Use:** Some installers support displaying text to the user during installation time. If so, we will make that happen if you upload an RTF file or plain text file to display.

**Name of Identity Provider (default/other languages)** [Showcase for Managed IdP documentation](#)

When you re-visit the “Edit IdP” page later from the Institution Overview page, the explanatory texts are condensed in order not to overload the user interface. You’ll certainly find your way around without the wizard texts.

You can configure both the general information and the helpdesk details from this page.

### Managing my users

On the institution dashboard page, you see the most important pieces of data that you have entered. There is a button to create a new Managed IdP profile at the bottom. If you followed the wizard, it has already done that for you and you see an info card “Managed IdP” instead. It has a button labelled “Manage User Base”. The buttons take you to your user management page.
There is only one screen from which new user accounts can be created or imported, credentials can be assigned, and existing credentials and users can be decommissioned.

Adding Users

There are two workflows for adding new users:

- Manual: on the bottom of the page, there is an input box for a new username and the desired expiry date for that user. Filling in both and then clicking “Add new user” will create the new user instantly.

- CSV import: for a bulk import of many users, there is a grey box: “Import users from CSV file” near the top of the page. The format of the CSV file is:
  Comma separated values in should be provided in CSV file: username, expiration date "yyyy-mm-dd", number of tokens (optional):

Issuing access credentials

Once a user is created, it is displayed on the page along with Delete and New Credential buttons. Clicking on “New Credential” creates an invitation URL. The URL is then displayed on the administration page. It is up to the administrator how to get that URL to the user in question. We expect this to happen usually over email; alternatives include allowing to send an email directly from the interface and allowing text messaging.
Invitation links are valid for one week from issuance, for the generation of a single access credential. The validity for the pickup by the end user is displayed to the right of the invitation link. Invitation links can be revoked by clicking the corresponding button on the right.

Credential revocation and Deadman Switch

Once a credential has been picked up by the end user, the corresponding certificate details are displayed instead of the invitation link. The "Revoke" button, if pushed, then revokes the already issued access credential and makes the login with it unusable. We strive towards a delay of less than one minute between push of the Revoke button and actual discontinuation of service for the end user.

When a user gets deleted, all his credentials automatically get revoked instantly.

WARNING: there is a "deadman switch" safeguard against unmaintained accounts. An IdP administrator may forget about his duties to maintain a current and accurate user list in the system, or the IdP administrator may leave the organisation with noone realising that stale accounts are still active. The safeguard is: the IdP admin must log into the system regularly and declare that he is still active and that all users which are currently active in the system continue to be eligible for eduroam. Failure to acknowledge this with the push of the corresponding button deletes all users and thus revokes all access credentials.

The system currently requires the re-validation once per year. Users which were not re-validated within the last 47 weeks are shown in yellow; users which were not re-validated within the last 50 weeks are displayed in red.

End-User Enrollment

Upon visiting the invitation link, there is only a single download button along with basic instructions. The operating system is auto-detected. When redeeming the invitation token that you sent your users they will see:
The installation program is a CAT installer like usual, with the addition of a client certificate which is protected by the import password that is displayed on the screen. The addition of the import password provides a basic safeguard against credential sharing. Other safeguards (which could replace this UI-intensive step) such as maximum amount of MAC addresses are under consideration. Please report how well the import password method works for your users.

The installer sets up everything. The user should not need to interact with his operating system at all (at least, not any more than with other eduroam accounts).

Installer visibility on the user download page

eduroam Managed IdP creates personal, private installers for just one user. The entry page of the eduroam Managed IdP website mostly serves as an entry point to administer your IdP: end users should not be directed to that entry page. They should be supplied with the links containing the individual invitation tokens instead, which take them directly to their personal overview page.

End User Personal Overview Page

Front Page

In case an end user erroneously visits the main entry page, the product maintains a list of all the IdPs which exist in the system. If the user finds and selects their institution in the list, the user is taken to a page hinting that they should contact their administrator for the personal link instead. There is no other functionality on the per-institution download page.

Other features

NRO Administrator API

A full access WEB API makes it possible to remote-control many aspects of the product. The corresponding documentation is maintained in the NRO documentation.

Getting Help with eduroam Managed IdP
If you have any questions about the eduroam Managed IdP website, please contact your eduroam National Roaming Operator first. They can escalate questions to the development team if need be. If you have questions about the underlying software, don’t hesitate to ask on the mailing list cat-users@lists.geant.org. If possible, please subscribe to the list before posting; this guarantees that you’ll get replies even if someone forgets a “reply to all”, and also ensures that your post doesn’t accidently get classified as spam and discarded.

Inputs from External Testing

- **Android support is paramount**
  The product is much less useful without Android support due to the very high market share of Android devices. Work is ongoing to secure a development contract to retrofit the required capabilities to the eduroam CAT Android app.

- **Proper support for UDP fragmentation required**
  Some testers reported problems with Windows 10 devices (but not on other OSes). Windows does not limit the size of its EAP fragments while other supplicants do; so to make Windows machines authenticate, the entire RADIUS path (including SP network) needs to be able to handle UDP fragmentation.

- **Small bugs**
  - Windows installer shows "EMAIL / WWW support" text even if not configured by the admin. Notified TW.